

Nebraska Lincoln

### Tree Identification Guide





#### Introduction

The following tree identification cards have been designed for students, volunteers, and tree enthusiasts to guide your exploration of trees. Care has been taken to create accurate descriptions of the general characteristics of woody plants. However, nature is wondrous in its variety and characteristics can (and do) vary. Colors, sizes, etc. can be subjective based on an observer's background and experience. Use of botanical terminology has been limited; however, some terminology seemed unavoidable and has been briefly defined. This guide has also been designed for print on 4x6 inch cards.

The statistician, George Box, once said, "...all models are wrong, some are useful..." and the same thing is true in plant identification guides, they are all wrong in their description of plants, but some are very useful. My hope is that this is one of the useful guides to help in your enjoyment of identifying the trees and shrubs you encounter.



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#### **Across the Top:**

<u>Common names</u> are typically easy for people to remember; however, the can be regional and numerous. The scientific name is the name of record. As an example: Hemlock is both a poisonous herbaceous plant (*Conium maculatum*) and a coniferous tree (*Pseudotsuga menziesii*), so the scientific name can be very important when talking with others or finding additional information. <u>Scientific names</u> are listed as *Genus species*. Example: *Quercus* is the genus that contains all of the oaks.

<u>Code</u> is used in programs like iTree or other inventory programs and was included as a quick standardized short-hand for referring to specific species.

<u>Status</u> is the native or non-native classification of the tree. For the purposes of this guide the status applies to the entire state of Nebraska. Status was obtained from the U.S. Forest Service & Geological Survey.



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Using the Guide

#### **Photographs:**

All photographs were taken over serval years to get various plant features (i.e. flowers, fruits, etc.). Many of the photos, for a given species, were taken of a single tree and as such they are only representations of what you might expect too see. For example: leaf sizes can vary great between sunny and shady sites. Also the photographs are intended to represent the "typical" form of a species...nature can produce amazing variety.

Use the photographs as a guide and not a template for the appearance of the plant you are trying to identify. Also, pay attention to the similarities within a genus. *Quercus* (the oaks), for example, have acorns and many of the species (though not all!) have leaves with lobes. Being able to narrow down a plant to a genus reduces the number of possible species you have encountered, helping to more quickly identify the plant.

All photographs taken by Dr. Eric A. North





### Using the Guide

### **Descriptions & Terminology:**

Plant descriptions are written below the images and are based on personal observation and descriptions from books listed in the reference section.

<u>Alternate/opposite/whorled</u>: describe the position of the leaf or bud on a twig and is a common identification trait. Ex: maples have buds/leaves that are opposite each other on a twig, oaks have with alternating position on a twig

**Serrate:** generally referring to a leaf edge, think of a bread knife blade

**Lenticels:** small white dots or lines on bark, twigs, or fruit

<u>Terminal bud</u>: bud at the end of a twig; <u>lateral buds</u> are along the twig

<u>Simple/compound</u>: refers to leaves. <u>Simple</u>: have one leaf blade attached to a stem ending at a bud. <u>Compound</u>: have multiple leaf blades and can be pinnately (long) or palmately (think palm of your hand).





### References

### **References & Additional Reading**

- Woody Plants for the Central and Northern Prairies
  - Walter T. Bagley & Richard K. Sutton
- Trees of Nebraska
  - University of Nebraska-Lincoln, Extension, EC 1774
- Manual of Woody Landscape Plants
  - Michael Dirr
- Harlow and Harrar's Textbook of Dendrology
  - James W. Hardin, Donald J. Leopold, & Fred M. White
- Trees and Shrubs of Minnesota
  - Welby R. Smith
- Digital Representations of Tree Species Range Maps from "Atlas of United States Trees" by Elbert L. Little, Jr.
  - https://esp.cr.usgs.gov/data/little/





Common name

Scientific name

Status:

Code:



Vebraska Lincoln

wild plum
Prunus americana

Status: native

Code: PRAM









Bark: Foliage:

Twigs: Flower:

Fruit:

Bark: gray with longer flaky/platy stripes

Foliage: dark green, oval with pointed tip, serrated edges Twigs: gray, with side twigs developing sharp points/thorns

Flower: perfect, white flowers, groups of 2-5, fragrant; appearing in spring

Fruit: purple/red, 1" wide, yellow interior flesh





# black chokeberry

Aronia melanocarpa

Status: non-native

Code: ARME13













### Osage-orange Maclura pomifera

Status: non-native

Code: MAPO









Bark: red/brown becoming gray with age

Foliage: dark lustrous green, oval with pointed tip, serrate leaf

Twigs: red/brown, slender and smooth (glabrous) Flower: perfect, white with pink anthers and five petals

Fruit: dark purple pome, ripening fall

Bark: brown-orange with thin ridges; darker and irregular fissures with age Foliage: ovate, coming to a point, smooth edge, up to 6" long, dark green, shiny

Twigs: moderately stout, tan/brown, spines at the base of buds/leaves, milky sap Flower: male and female on separate plants, summer bloom, yellow-green

Fruit: round, aggregate of green drupes; large—softball size





### witch-hazel Hamamelis virginiana

Code: HAVI4

Status: non-native

















paw-paw

Asimina triloba





Code: ASTR

Bark: smooth gray/brown; older stems, rough texture from lenticels

Foliage: wavy edges, large-toothed, broad elliptical shape, 3-6" long, 2-3.5" wide

Twigs: light gray/brown slightly hairy, zig-zag appearance

Flower: perfect, yellow to yellowish green with thin, strappy petals, blooming in late fall

Fruit: distinctive, woody capsule containing 2 seeds, 4 rounded points at end

Bark: gray with thin and irregular ridges; smoother when young

Foliage: simple, alternate, large up to 12", smooth but wavy edge, pointed tip Twigs: current year green and hairy, previous year gray, terminal bud no scales, lateral

Flower: bell-shaped, red/brown soft, perfect Fruit: oval, 4" long, yellow turning brown, sweet



Nebraska Lincoln® willow *Salix* spp.

Code: SALIX

Status: native



Vebraska Lincoln sugar maple

Acer saccharum

Status: non-native

Code: ACSA3



















Bark: yellowish-gray, becoming rougher texture with age

Foliage: deciduous, alternate, simple

Twigs: often times bright color current year growth (yellow, green, red); bud: single cap

Flower: small, imperfect, usually catkins, dioecious Fruit: achene, germination requires moist soil

Bark: gray smooth when young; grey/brown with irregular platy ridges

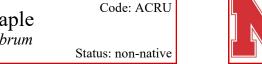
Foliage: green, with 3-5 lobes; edges smooth

Twigs: red/brown with lenticels, turning gray with age

Flower: small green/yellow, long dangling stems, lacking petals, male and female separate Fruit: paired "helicopter" (samaras) with bright green seed; horse-shoe shaped; summer-fall



Nebraska Lincoln red maple
Acer rubrum



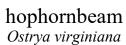








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Code: OSVI

Status: native













Bark: smooth, light gray when young, darker gray and furrowed at maturity Foliage: 3 lobes per leaf, pointed, edges serrated, sinuses shallow and broad

Twigs: smooth red/brown in, then smooth gray

Flower: emerge in spring, yellow/green to red/pink with petals, polygamous

Fruit: paired 'helicopters' (samaras), ripening in spring

Bark: tan/brown with thin vertical strips

Foliage: green, oval with pointed tip, doubly serrated, short petiole

**Twigs:** slender, light gray to tannish brown or reddish brown, zig-zag appearance **Flower:** male: 3-grouped greenish red catkins; female: single catkin, greenish red **Fruit:** nutlet inside an air-bladder, groups stacked in hanging clusters, hairy





# persimmon

Diospyros virginiana

Code: DIVI

Status: non-native





## red-osier dogwood

Cornus sericea

Status: native

Code: COSE16



















Bark: squarish thick blocky bark, dark brown/black color, orange fissures Foliage: glossy on top, pale wooly underside, oval shaped with fuzzy petiole

Twigs: slightly zig-zag, flexible, gray/brown color

Flower: bell shaped, .5", petals come in sets of four and curve out, typically dioecious

Fruit: large, yellow orange round berries that wrinkle when ripe

Bark: thin with lenticels, red (sunlight) and green (shade) in color

Foliage: ovate, veins curve towards leaf tip, red petiole, long silky strands in veins Twigs: slender, green, red or both; red branches typically exposed to sunlight

Flower: perfect, 4 petals, flat-top grouping of terminal flower buds, small white flowers

Fruit: spherical white or cream colored drupe, found in clusters





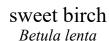
river birch Betula nigra

Code: BENI









Code: BELE

Status: non-native

















Bark: papery, white, brown, salmon colors; darker brown and furrowed or platy with age

Foliage: broad base with pointed tip, doubly serrated edge

Twigs: brown/gray, slender and flexible, hairy, reddish and smooth with age Flower: catkins, male; droopy, light green. Female; short and upright, green

Fruit: papery, light brown "cone" containing small nutlet

Bark: dark purple/brown with lenticels; cracking into stiff plates, furrowed ridges Foliage: green, oval/heart-shaped, pointed tip; serrated, hairy veins and stem Twigs: slender, red/brown with lenticels, spur shoots; wintergreen when crushed Flower: male catkins are narrow, 2-3" long; female catkins are shorter/broader

Fruit: small-winged nutlets



silver linden Tilia tomentosa

Status: non-native

Code: TITO



gray dogwood Cornus racemosa

Status: native

Code: CORA6

















Bark: young bark is light gray, smooth; old bark is ridged, furrowed, gray/brown Foliage: 2-5" long and wide, simple leaves, dark green top, light fuzzy bottom

Twigs: short stems covered in soft white hair

Flower: perfect, 5 petals, yellowish white flowers, fragrant Fruit: egg-shaped, white, pubescent, hanging under a leafy bract Bark: gray, smooth; slightly rougher with age

Foliage: oval shape, pointed tip, veins start at midrib and curve towards apex

Twigs: gray or reddish brown, slender

Flower: perfect, white, spherical to pyramidal shape

Fruit: spherical "berry" (drupe), whit to pale blue, fruit stems bright red



### American hazelnut

Corylus americana

Status: native

Code: COAM3







staghorn sumac Rhus hirta

Code: RHTY

Status: native











Bark: brown/gray, developing diamond pattern with age

Foliage: irregular base, broad oval, doubly serrate edge, rough texture

Twigs: brown and thin, hairy with zig-zag pattern

Flower: male: short catkins in clusters of 2-3, female: end of twig, inconspicuous

Fruit: nuts in a papery-husk

Bark: red/brown and velvety with young; brown with lenticels when older **Foliage:** large leaf with 13-27 leaflets, bright green with serrated edges

Twigs: current year very fuzzy, center has large pith

Flower: green/yellow, hairy with male and female on separate plants

Fruit: upright, conical grouping of bright red hairy



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## smooth sumac

Rhus glabra

Status: native

Code: RHGL



Bark: smooth when young, lenticels present, some cracking with age

Foliage: pinnately compound, alternate, dark green, yellowish rachis, leaflets serrate

Twigs: trunks are short, crooked; minimal branching, stout twigs

Flower: dioecious, 6-10" panicles of yellow green flowers Fruit: scarlet red, hairy drupe, can persist into winter



Vebraska Lincoln apple *Malus* spp.

Status: native

Code: MA2











Bark: smooth gray or reddish, then flat strips or thin blocky plates when older

Foliage: green, or green/red to purple—species/variety dependent

Twigs: range from reddish to gray

Flower: various: white, pink or purple; perfect flowers with 5 petals

Fruit: pome (apple); size and color – variety dependent



Nebraska Lincoln magnolia *Magnolia* spp.

Code: MA1

Status: non-native











Nebraska Lincoln serviceberry *Amelanchier* spp.

Status: native

Code: AM









**Bark:** gray and smooth, older bark may be scaly or cracked **Foliage:** round, slightly wavy appearance, smooth edges

Twigs: gray, smooth, moderately stout

Flower: per fect, showy display throughout entire canopy, white, pink, purple

Fruit: large, round, red seeds

Bark: smooth gray, slight texture with age

Foliage: dark or light green, broadly oval with smooth to serrated edges

Twigs: gray/red smooth and slender

Flower: perfect, 4 petals, white flowers, bloom in May Fruit: small, red/purple pomes, appearing in June



### American beech

Fagus grandifolia

Status: non-native

Code: FAGR



Bark: smooth, thin, blue/gray

Foliage: alternate, simple, oval, pointed tip, serrated, v-shaped veins, hairy along veins

Twigs: slender, brown, sometimes hairy; long slender terminal bud

Flower: male tiny, fuzzy, hanging at the end of silky stalks; female, end of branch, in pairs

Fruit: brown, spiky husk, 1-3 triangular nuts inside



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## bitternut hickory

Carya cordiformis

Status: native

Code: CACO15



**Bark:** light gray/brown, smooth, lightly textured shallow fissures with age **Foliage:** 5-7 leaflets, serrate, base leaflets smaller than terminal leaflet

Twigs: moderately stout, gray/brown

Flower: male: pendulous catkins, yellow/green; female: short spikes, green Fruit: nut in leathery husk (green then brown), 4-sectioned spherical husks



Bark: grey/brown, flaky

Foliage: egg-shaped, pointed tip, wedge shaped base, dark green top, light green below

Twigs: angles, green, reddish streaks, short appressed hairs

Flower: perfect, dense, short-stalks, 4 yellow bracts at cluster base, yellow petals

Fruit: half an inch long, cherry-red coloring



Bark: gray, smooth or lightly textured when young; then interlacing furrows

**Foliage:** 4-lobed with a rounded base, 3-8" wide, distinctive shape

Twigs: slender or stout, shiny green or red/brown, then gray, stipules and scars

Flower: perfect, yellow/green petals (6), orange interior, ~3" tall

Fruit: narrow, conical, aggregate of samaras, green then brown, 3" long



### American sweetgum

Liquidambar styraciflua

Status: non-native

Code: LIST2



Bark: gray/brown, smooth developing deep furrows with rounded ridges

Foliage: green, star-shaped with 5-7 pointed lobes

Twigs: moderately stout, red to yellow/brown, often with corky-wings, aromatic

Flower: female: rounded and 2-beaked, male: upright, panicle

Fruit: globe-shaped, opening into beak-like structure; hanging on 2-3" stems



# green ash

Fraxinus pennsylvanica

Status: native

Code: FRPE



**Bark:** gray with narrow interlaced ridges (smooth when young)

Foliage: opposite, pinnately compound, 5-9 leaflets

Twigs: stout, current year greenish; leaf scar has flat-top, terminal bud large, brown, pointed

Flower: male and female on separate trees; yellowish white, lacking petals

Fruit: single winged seed, "canoe paddle" shaped; when present, often hanging in groups

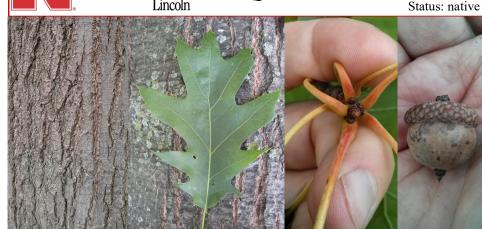


Bark: brown/gray with ridges; become deeper & irregular with age Foliage: alternate, simple, shiny green, narrow with small teeth along edge Twigs: shiny, yellow to brown, terminal bud with rounded base and abruptly pointed tip Flower: male, creamy white irregularly spaced on long stem; female at base of the stalk Fruit: very spiny husk (green then brown), containing chestnuts



### northern red oak Quercus rubra

Code: QURU



Bark: gray/brown, smooth when young; gray with flat-topped ridges, furrowed with age Foliage: alternate, simple, lobe with bristled tips 4-8" long

Twigs: slender, red/brown with lenticels & lateral buds slightly raised, terminal pointed Flower: dioecious, same tree; male catkin, long, green, numerous; female, short, fewer Fruit: acorn with shallow cap, mature in autumn after two seasons.



### pin oak Quercus palustris

Code: QUPA

Status: non-native



Bark: gray/brown & smooth when young, shallow furrows and rough ridges with age Foliage: alternate, simple, lobed, lobes ending in a point, often deep red in fall Twigs: slender, current year red/brown, shiny; then gray; terminal bud red, pointed Flower: dioecious, same tree; male catkin, long, green, numerous; female, short, fewer Fruit: round acorn with a scaled cap, covering less than a 1/4 of the acorn, strips visible



bicolor oak Quercus bicolor

Status: non-native

Code: QUBI

Code: QUMA



Bark: gray/brown, exfoliating scales when young; blocked & deeply fissured with age Foliage: alternate, simple with shallow rounded lobes, shiny green top, white underside Twigs: slender, gray with clustered rounded terminal buds

Flower: dioecious, same tree; male catkin, long, green, numerous; female, short, fewer

Fruit: acorns with long stem, cap about 1/4 the kernel with rough bumps



Bark: light gray, narrow ridges, developing blocky irregular patches with age Foliage: alternate, simple with several fairly uniform lobes (highly variable in size/shape) Twigs: current year reddish, terminal buds clustered

Flower: dioecious, same tree; male catkin, long, green, numerous; female, short, fewer

Fruit: acorn with a cap covering the top 1/4, yellow turning brown





Bark: grayish with deep furrows & vertical ridges

Foliage: alternate, simple with irregular lobes, typically two lobes deep to leaf center

Twigs: can have corky ridges, terminal buds are clustered and rounded

Flower: dioecious, same tree; male catkin, long, green, numerous; female, short, fewer

Fruit: acorns with a large fringed-cap

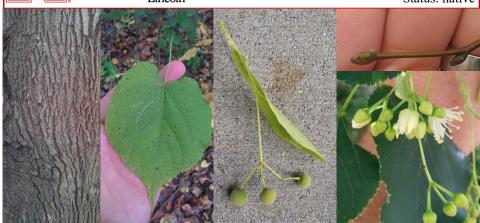


### American basswood

Tilia americana

Status: native

Code: TIAM



Bark: smooth gray/red/brown when young, gray/brown & with shallow/narrow ridges Foliage: alternate, simple; somewhat heart-shaped with a pointed tip, toothed edges Twigs: slender, slight zig-zag appearance; terminal bud round, may be green or red

Flower: per fect, 5 petals, yellowish white flowers, fragrant Fruit: small nutlet under leafy bract turning brown



# Amur maple

Acer tataricum

Code: ACTA80

Status: non-native



Bark: smooth, gray when young, develops narrow irregular ridges with age Foliage: opposite, simple, lobed generally 3, with a middle lobe longer than wide Twigs: very slender, yellow/green or red/brown terminal bud pointed, but very small

Flowers: white/green, small clusters, polygamous

Fruit: paired "helicopters" (samaras); many, persisting in winter



Bark: smooth, silvery gray when young; develops thin, gray strips with age Foliage: alternate, simple with lobes and coarsely toothed; underside silvery gray Twigs: slender, red/brown in current year, smooth gray by year two

Flower: brown/red small in clusters, polygamous Fruit: paired "helicopters" (samaras in spring)



Bark: light orange/brown, slight fissures (young) - ridged & furrowed, dusty brown (mature) Foliage: opposite, pinnately compound leaflets slightly loped or coarsely toothed Twigs: current year green or purple, waxy white coat. Buds hidden under leaf-stem Flower: dioecious, male/female separate; insignificant, blooms early spring Fruit: paired "helicopters" (samaras) green to brown persisting in winter



# Norway maple

Acer platanoides

Status: non-native

Code: ACPL



Bark: gray/brown and smooth when young. dark & deeply furrowed with age Foliage: opposite, simple, 3-5"wide, pointed lobes, wavy edge (cultivars—red/maroon) Twigs: brown, rounded terminal buds. Current year green, gray/brown with age Flower: monoecious, yellow/green flowers, appear in spring before foliage Fruit: 'helicopters' ~2" green to brown, 'mustache' shaped, mature in fall



# black walnut

Juglans nigra

Status: native

Code: JUNI

Bark: dark brown/gray, narrow furrows (wood is highly prized)

Foliage: alternate, pinnately compound 10-20" long, generally missing terminal leaflet **Twigs:** stout, light brown current twig fuzzy & bud, inside (pith) divided into tan cambers

Flower: male, long catkins; female, wooly spike at branch tip Fruit: round green husk about golf ball sized, producing dark stain



Bark: brown with gray flecks, ridges, & color back more with age

Foliage: alternate, pinnately compound, thin-linear leaflets, pointed slightly curved

Twigs: current year green, second year gray/brown

Flower: male; long, green string of small flowers (catkins); female, short spike

Fruit: oblong, green husk, 4 "peels"



**Bark:** shiny, dark with lenticels when young, older dark curling scales ("burnt potato chip") **Foliage:** alternate, simple, narrow with serrate edge, orange hairs underside along vein **Twigs:** shiny red/brown with lenticels, red/brown bud, smells of almond when scratched **Flower:** perfect, narrow grouping of small/white flowers with 4 petals

Fruit: small red/purple in clusters



# quaking aspen Populus tremuloides

Status: non-native

Code: POTR5



Bark: smooth white or green when young, develops dark gray ridges & furrows with age

Foliage: alternate, simple round with toothed edge, flat stem

Twigs: current year red/brown, terminal bud small pointed with obvious scales Flower: dioecious; male and female catkins long "fluffy" gray/white, with red & green

Fruit: capsule with "fluffy" cottony seed



#### eastern cottonwood

Populus deltoides

Status: native

Code: PODE



Bark: gray, thick deep furrows with flat-topped ridge

Foliage: alternate, simple, triangular shape with rounded teeth, green & shiny, stem flat

Twigs: gray/green with "bumpy" leaf & bud scar, large sticky yellow/green buds Flower: dioecious; male: 1 inch reddish catkin; female, sparse yellow-green catkin

Fruit: capsule, 3-4 valves with tufted-cottony seeds; wind/water dispersal



### American sycamore

Platanus occidentalis

Status: native

Code: PLOC



Bark: mottled brown/white/green, flaking/patchy & creamy/white smooth underneath Foliage: alternate, simple 4-8" wide, lobed (like maple), coarse toothed edge Twigs: slender, false terminal bud, single bud-cap, lateral buds hidden under leaf-stem Flower: monoecious, small, clusters of yellow (male) and red (female) flowers on long stem Fruit: round "ball" of many tightly packed seeds (achenes), persists in winter



# yellowwood Cladrastis kentukea

Status: non-native

Code: CLKE



Bark: silver-gray, sometimes a blackened color, smooth, slightly rougher with age

Foliage: alternate, pinnately-compound, leaflets oval

Twigs: current year, chocolate brown, then gray; buds hidden under the leaf stem

Flower: monoecious, white clusters on long drooping stems Fruit: flat, brown pods hanging in clusters, legumes



### black locust

Robinia pseudoacacia

Status: non-native

Code: ROPS



Bark: gray/brown furrowed, with rope-like ridges, may appears orange under the ridge Foliage: alternate, pinnate compound, board-oval leaflets with smooth edges, light green

Twigs: thin, with small spines at the base of buds along the twig Flower: monoecious, white flowers, in large clusters, very fragrant

Fruit: brown seed pod (a legume)



### honey-locust Gleditsia triacanthos

Status: native

Code: GLTR



Bark: red/brown scaly/cracked ridges, with lenticels when young, may have stiff thorns Foliage: alternate, pinnately or bi-pinnately compound, leaflets small & oval Twigs: zig-zag in appearance, buds generally no visible, may have thorns Flower: polygamo-dioecious; greenish-bronze, male slightly longer than female Fruit: long, twisted pods, green turning leather brown, seed brown "bean" shaped



# Kentucky coffeetree

Gymnocladus dioicus

Code: GYDI



Bark: gray platy with curling edges develops brown with rough fissures

Foliage: alternate, pinnately or bi-pinnately compound with many leaflets, large to 36" long

Twigs: thick/stout, large leaf scar

Flower: polygamo-dioecious; 3-5 petals and sepals, greenish yellow

Fruit: (females trees only) large seed pod, starts yellow matures leather brown, hard seed



### American elm Ulmus americana

Code: ULAM



Bark: grayish (often white streak present), furrowed ridges. "Bacon" pattern when cut Foliage: alternate, simple, doubly serrate edges, uneven at base, tip pointed Twigs: slender, reddish brown in current year. Bud: red/brown pointed, non-hairy Flower: monoecious, insignificant, green/brown, appears before foliage

Fruit: circular, small, papery with hairs and notch at top

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### hackberry Celtis occidentalis

Status: native

Code: CEOC



Bark: grayish, with distinct hard-corky ridges

Foliage: alternate & simple, serrated edge, uneven base. Nipple gall is common

Twigs: twigs slender, slightly zigzagged

Flower: monoecious, small/inconspicuous, gold/yellow; male in clusters; female, solitary

Fruit: dark purple berry-like with hard seed



Bark: reddish when young, gray/brown with age, shallow irregular fissures/ridges

Foliage: whorled, simple, very large heart shaped, with smooth edges Twigs: stout, buds and leaf-scars arranged in a whorled pattern Flower: perfect, large white, with purple/orange markings

Fruit: long, thin "sting-bean" fall/winter



Bark: gray/brown with stiff scaly patches as trees age

Foliage: opposite, palmately compound, large, narrow at base with round end

Twigs: stout, gray, with sticky & shiny buds Flower: monoecious, upright flowers, large & white Fruit: spiny husks with leather brown nuts



**Bark:** light gray develops light corky layer to brown and furrowed on older trees **Foliage:** opposite, palmately compound, leaflets long, slightly narrow with pointed tip **Twigs:** stout, with large non-sticky, pointed brown bud, large shield shaped leaf-scar

Flower: monoecious, upright grouping of green/yellow flower

Fruit: smooth/spiny husk with brown nut



### Amur corktree

Phellodendron amurense

Status: non-native

Code: PHAM



Bark: very corky in feel, furrowed/ridged, light gray

Foliage: opposite, pinnately compound, 10-15" long, 5-11 leaflets, smooth edges. Twigs: stout, yellowish to yellowish-gray on current growth, bud hidden under leaf stem

Flower: dioecious; male and female, non-showy, yellow/green Fruit: small drupe, green then purple/black at maturity



Bark: gray with thin & irregular ridges; smoother when young

Foliage: simple, alternate, large up to 12", smooth but wavy edge, pointed tip

Twigs: current year green & hairy, pervious year gray, terminal bud no scales, lateral

Flower: perfect, bell-shaped, red/brown soft, appear in early spring

Fruit: oval, 4" long, yellow turning brown, sweet



Bark: smooth red/gray when young, red/brown & scaly/platy when mature Foliage: alternate, simple, heart-shaped with smooth edge

Twigs: slender, red/gray. Flower/lateral buds reddish small, held tight to branch

Flower: monoecious, pink small, in groups held tight to twig

Fruit: small, papery, pod, legume



Bark: smooth red/brown, with lenticels, developing small rectangular block with age

Foliage: opposite, simple, smooth edge, oval coming to a tip

Twigs: brown with lenticels, often two terminal buds, with obvious scales Flower: monoecious, small, showy white horizontal grouping, very fragrant

Fruit: capsules, splits in two, sometimes persists into winter



### European buckthorn

Rhamnus cathartica

Status: non-native

Code: RHCA

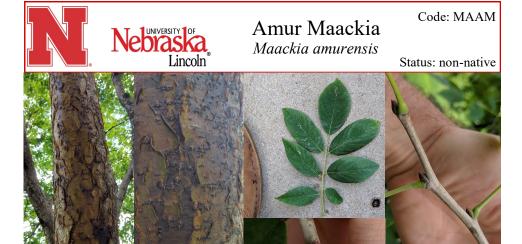


Bark: smooth, red/brown with lenticels, darker & scaly on older trees

Foliage: opposite, sub-opposite, alternate, simple, serrate edge

Twigs: thin, gray, two terminal buds with thorn between, lateral buds often on spur shoots

Flower: dioccious, small, green, inconspicuous Fruit: round, shiny purple/black berry-like



Bark: orange to greenish, oval peeling outer layer

Foliage: alternate, pinnately compound leaflets, emerging spring leaves fuzzy silver Twigs: current growth, gray/brown, slight zig-zag Bud: pointed green/purple, slightly flat

Flower: monoecious, upright grouping of small white flowers

Fruit: small-seed pod green to brown



Bark: smooth with gray/brown streaks on green

Foliage: alternate, round to oval with distinct arched veins, smooth edge

Twigs: slender, green/brown; form is tiered branches Flower: monoecious, small, white, appear in late spring Fruit: starts green mature to a dark purple on red-stalk



Foliage: alternate, simple, oval with pointed tip, finely serrated edge, red/yellow fall color

Flower: dioecious, same plant; male, catkins; female, catkin, flowers arranged in pairs

Twigs: slender, zig-zag with small pointed buds reddish/brown

Fruit: a leafy bract hanging groups with a small nutlet underneath



Bark: reddish brown with narrow ridges, blocky-plates with age Foliage: alternate, simple; oval to round with pointed tip, glossy green

Twigs: moderately stout, brown with lenticels; terminal bud round, white, fuzzy

Flower: perfect, small, white with pink, "stinky" Fruit: small round, brown with lenticels

Code: GIBI

Status: non-native

Bark: light gray with ridges, corky to touch

**Foliage:** alternate, simple with thin veins, fan-shaped some with deep "notch" or lobe **Twigs:** gray with spur-shoots & cone-shaped bud. Lacking fine twigs or twiggy appearance

Cone: fleshy cone, green then yellow/orange, stinks when crushed (female only)



**Needles:** short, flat, flexible, attached to twigs by suction-cup shaped structure **Cones:** cones are deciduous, growing upright on the topside of branches, **Form:** excurrent, central leader usually present



Needles: vary greatly in length, in bundles of 2, 3, or 5; held together and attached to the

branch by the fascicle

Cones: vary greatly in size, woody Form: varies depending on species



**Needles:** short, pointed, stiff, attached to branch with small peg, square cross-cut **Cones:** papery scales, vary in size, hang down off branches, usually concentrated in upper branches

Form: excurrent, usually central leader present



Bark: thin brown/gray vertical strips, fibrous

Foliage: evergreen, fanned & flattened scales, soft, aromatic

Twigs: orange/brown thin, flexible

Cone: upright, 1/2", oblong, oblong, slightly woody, brown



Bark: thin red-brown - vertical shredding strips, thin
Foliage: evergreen, young needles sharp (awl), older needles overlapping scale
Form: pyramidal or columnar, typically wider at the base, top often "drooping"
Cones: circular to oval, bluish berry-like (female). Small, brown at foliage tip (male)



Bark: smooth, gray when young; thick ridges, brown/red when older Foliage: singly attached, flat needle coming to a point, generally soft Twigs: gray with a pointed & scaled terminal bud Cone: papery cone with smooth scale & distinct bracts emerging from scales



**Bark:** grayish & scaly, becoming irregular, furrowed red-brown plates **Foliage:** 2 & 3 bundled needles, 6" to 8" in length **Cones:** 3" to 6" in length, scales having stiff spines



**Bark:** smooth, slivery when young, developing thick, dark-gray furrows **Foliage:** soft, light green in bundles of 5 needles

Form: pyramidal when young, maturing to large up-turned branches Cones: longer than wide, 5-8" long, thick, white resin on scales



**Bark:** young - papery, flaky, orange - older - gray/brown, scales & plates **Foliage:** needles in pairs between 1" - 3" long

Twigs: thin, gray/brown with a pointed orange terminal bud

Cones: small woody cones up to 3" long, slightly egg-shaped; male-pollen cone, yellow



**Bark:** gray/black with red/pink having irregular plates developing furrows with age **Foliage:** needles attached in pairs, 5-7" long

Twigs: gray with large white resin buds

Flower/fruit: 3-4" long; tan, woody scales with a small spine (falls off at maturity)





# Norway spruce

Picea abies

Status: non-native







Bark: gray flaky, scaly

Foliage: single needle, can roll easily between thumb and index finger

Twigs: orange-brown with drooping curtain-like branchlets Flower/fruit: large cone with thin-stiff scales 6-8" long





# Colorado spruce

Picea pungens

Status: non-native

Code: PIPU



**Bark:** grayish-brown flaky or scaly. Frequent bluish sap oozing from wounds **Foliage:** singly attached needles, very sharply points; green or bluish in color

Twigs: orange for current year's growth

Cone: 3-5" long, with fringed papery scales; brown to golden in color, hanging down on branch



# white spruce *Picea glauca*

Code: PIGL



Bark: brown/gray some red platy, scaly

Foliage: needles singly attached, needles are square and pointed

Twigs: gray with some orange, no hairs

Cones: small 1-2" long, brown with papery scales, scales with smooth edges



## Vebraska Lincoln

# balsam fir

Code: ABBA

Status:







**Bark:** gray/green, resin blisters cover the trunk; breaks into plates with age **Foliage:** green, white lines under needle, flat, attached to twig with 'suction cup'

Twigs: smooth with small gray hairs

Flower: yellow, beneath needles, appearance similar to catkins

Fruit: purple, then gray/brown; upright on branch; cone scales; pegs on branch



Nebraska Lincoln® yew Taxus spp. Code: TAXUS

Status: native





### eastern hemlock

Tsuga canadensis

Status:

Code: TSCA















Bark: thin, flaky plates, red/brown

Foliage: dark green upper, light green/yellow under; flat with pointed tip

Twigs: flexible, yellow/green

Fruit: fleshy, red cups surrounding a bluish seed

**Bark:** grayish to brownish red, scaly when young, large flaky plates with age **Foliage:** long tapering needles, dark green with two white stomatal lines

Twigs: thin, brown to gray

Flower: pollen bearing: yellow, small, round; cone producing: green at twig tip

Fruit: egg-shaped, light brown



Nebraska Lincoln® lacebark pine
Pinus bungeana

Code: PIBU

Status: non-native













Nebraska Lincoln® jack pine
Pinus banksiana

Status: native

Code: PIBA2







Bark: gray and silver patches, greenish young stems

Foliage: margins finely toothed, needles very rigid and sharp, dark green, raised midrib

Twigs: grayish-green, shiny and smooth

Fruit: cones are terminal or lateral, 2-3 inches long, 2 inches wide, light yellow-ish brown

**Bark:** scaly, irregular flaky plates; flakes reveal a yellow orange inner bark with outer layer is brown-black

Foliage: yellow-green needles; 2-needled bundles, often twisted

Twigs: smooth twigs with red-brown coloring

Flower: male flowers are yellowish while female colors are purple Fruit: cone is 1-3 inches long, curved inward and usually closed





### white fir Abies concolor

Code: ABCO

Status: non-native















# baldcypress Taxodium distichum



Status: non-native









**Bark:** gray, smooth with few resinous blisters; deeply, irregularly ridged with age **Foliage:** blue-green needles, singularly attached with "suction cup", curved up, smells citrusy

when crushed

Twigs: yellow/green on current year, then gray/brown Flower: male red/violet

Bark: thin and fibrous with a pattern of flat ridges and narrow furrows

Foliage: deciduous, linear and flat

Twigs: start off green and become brown after the first year Cones: small purple-green cones when immature and turn brown with maturity